BRYAN HOME AGAIN.

WAY THIS TIME.

GREAT DEMOCRATIC OUTPOURING.

A Procession of Flambeau and Other

Political Clubs, Uniformed and Otherwise, and Many Thousands

OMAHA, NEB., September &-After a eight of that uncertain rest which a rowd of people gathered on the covplatform at Malvern. There had re the train stopped during the night, tile places. Mr. Bryan had gone d just after leaving Burlington, midnight, and was up again at The crowd there numbered and Mr. Bryan shook hands with in, reached at 7:30, turned out sevehundred people to see Mr. Bryan, espite the early hour, they put him

an we have against us. I have eatest respect for financiers, but I to the financier is the man who at-to his own business, and falling mean hard times. Debts do not A REPUBLICAN DESERTER

AT HOME EVERYWHERE.

not only by Democrats, but

the position we have taken see question, we are going to

hand (reached at 19 o'clock)
people gathered around Mr.
he appeared on the rear platfr. Bryan thanked the people
county for their past support,

fer were at Havelock, five miles from ARRIVAL AT LINCOLN.

LINCOLN, September 8.—The second one-coming of William J. Bryan since is numination by the Chicago conven-on was made the occasion of an en-helastic outburst on the part of his cllow-townsmen, that differed from his ref reception here as a presidential can-idate in that it was strictly partisan. Is was 10:35 when Mr. Bryan's train

reached the Burlington Station, Several thousand people were waiting there, and as the nominee stepped to the platform he was given three cheers that must have warmed the cockles of his heart. It was a real western welcome that was accorded Mr. Bryan, and he showed his appreciation in the beaming looks he gave the crowds in the station and along

Governor Holcombe; James C. Dahlman, chairman of the Nebraska State Demo-cratic Central Committee; John E. Croess-well, the Omaha capitalist; C. J. Smythe, candidate for Attorney-General on the candidate for Attorney-General on ticket, and a number of other prominent Bryan men joined Mr. Bryan at Omaha and at places along the route. At Ashland a large reception committee from Lincoln boarded the train. Among others in the party on its arrival here were George A. Groot, of Ohio chairman of the Notifica-Groot, of Ohio, chairman of the Notifica toroot, or onio, chairman of the Notinea-tion Committee of the National Silver party, and C. R. Talbot, Mr. Bryan's law partner, who is a candidate for the Ne-braska Senate on the Republican ticket. Those came through with the Demo-cratic nominee from Chicago. Escorted by two brass bands, the Bryan Flambeau Club, its members in white

duck uniforms, with red helmets; a free-silver club, wearing silvered capes, and the local reception committee, Mr. Bryan-was conveyed to his home on D street near Seventeenth, through the principal streets. Lincoln had made a holiday of the occasion, and the sidewalks were crowded with people, who shouted as the nominee went by. A long line of car-riages brought up the rear of the parade. Mr. Bryan's carriage were Governor Holcombe, and Chairman Groot, of the Silver Notification Committee.

HOME, SWEET HOME. A large crowd was assembled about Mr. Bryan's residence on D street, but the nominee made his way through it quickly, and went inside to greet his wife and children. A few minutes later he reappeared on the porch and said a few words in response to the applause from his

"I believe the committee has arranged for a speech this afternoon," he said, "and a speech this evening, so I will have ample opportunity to talk to you This morning, permit me to say that I appreciate this very cordial welcome home. You assembled, at least a few of you, when I left here to receive the notification in New York, and I know from what you have said that you have followed the journey to New York and return, and I am delighted to have you express in this way your friendship."
In the afternoon a mass-meeting was held in front of the State Capitol building. A parade, composed of Bryan flambeau clubs and free-silver clubs, some in uniform, and some in plain dress, and including floats bearing free-silver devices, and covered by the state of the stat people to consume, and the only a can do that is to enable them more for what they produce than twe been getting."

REPUBLICAN DESERTER. It is one Republican vote," shoutclee in the crowd.) "I am much car. I will just put you down place of one deserter. As long as sixteen Republican silver votes your description. The consumer of the local Reception Committee, and George A. Groot, chairman of the National Silver Notification Committee, in an open carriage gayly decorated and drawn by four white horses. As the lead of the procession neared the Capital grounds a salute was fired by a volunteer. grounds a salute was fired by a volunteer battery.

the Missouri into his own State, to o'clock he was surrounded by at Plattsmouth, who gave him to Nebruska. A stand was decorated. A large photograph of the Democratic nominee above the platform was rivalled by many little photos of McKinley and Hobart, which some of the Republican State office-holders had

the Republican State office-holders had the Republican State office-holders had placed in the windows of their offices.

Among those who had seats on the stage were John A. Creighton, of Omaha; John A. Martin, of Missour! who was sergeant-at-arms of the Democratic Nasception was enthusiastic. He briefly in a conversational tone the car-steps, saying: of the Silver Party Notification

I am glad to come back, I Five thousand people crowded to say to you that I have felt just in the hot sun about the stand, and at home in other parts of the cheered repeatedly when Mr. Bryan appeared. He was introduced by E. E. dent of the Columbia National Bank of

DONCASTER BACE MEETING. give you a few lessons daugh-cause there is no question that crest which is being manifested American Horses Win Some of the

Events-Home Tracks.

to-day with the race for the Fitzwilliam through a which a mile. The race was won by Mr. J. Bibby's Chin-Chin, 5 years old. Captain Michael's Encounter was second, and L. Brassey's Pardalo third. Enoch Wishard's American filly Dammel II. ran unplaced. In the race for the Champague Stakes, for 2-year-olds, five furlongs and 152 yards. Lord Rosebery's b. c. Velasquez beat Licellard's ch. c. Berseak. The betting was 1 to 1 on Velasquez.

CINCINNATI TRACK.

d race-four and a half furlongs-e (106 Gardner, 2 to 1) won, with ag second, and Oversight third. i race—nine furlongs—Ramona (106, 3 to 5) won, with Argentina II. and Joe Clark third. Time,

th race-six and a haif furlongs-des. Perkins, 4 to 5) won, with The ant second, and Prince Henry third. me, 1822.
Fifth race—five furlongs—Connie Lee
7. F. Russell, 19 to 1) won, with Cherry
af second, and Rheinstrom third. Time,

EVANS BEATEN BY EARLE. Result of South Carolina Election

for the Senate. o'clock this morning sufficient returns are in to show that Governor Evans has been n to show that Governor Evans has been seaten by General Earle for the Senate. Allowing Evans two-thirds of the unreorted vote, and placing it at over 80,600, so cannot reduce Earle's majority below ,000 at the lowest estimate. At 2 o'clock this morning a vote of 6,387 is accounted for. The total vote in he first primary was 78,231. Of the vote lready reported Evans has 22,337, against larte's 34,070. Earle's majority being 11,53.

The vote reported is pretty full. The people of the State took the keenest interest in the election, and the result is no surprise, in consequence of the developments of the last few days.

RAILWAY RATE REDUCTIONS.

Freight From the East. ATLANTA, GA., September 8.-Rates have been issued by the Southern States Freight Association, reducing rates from

York are cut from \$1.1! per hundred pounds to 65 cents a hundred. The first-class rate from Povidence will be \$1 cents, and from Philadelphia 63 cents. These rates go into effect on Saturday,
Macon and Columbus Will probably be
charged 10 cents above the Atlanta rate.
As the Georgia Railroad Commission is
to take up on Thursday the question of
reducing local rates to correspond with
the cut in through rates, the lines will
not announce reductions to Georgia points
other than Atlanta, Athens, and Elberton
until after the commission acts.

Ex-Gov. Waite Renominated. DENVER, COL., September 8.—Davis H. Waite was nominated yesterday for Gov-arnor by the middle-of-the-road Populists, SILVER NOTIFICATION

MR. BRYAN ACCEPTS THE PARTY'S NOMINATION FOR PRESIDENT.

Did Say He Would Not Vote for a Gold Standard Democratic Can-

LINCOLN. NEB., September &-The National Silver party, through its regularly appointed committee, to-night formally notified William J. Bryan of his The ceremonies attending the notification were in strong contrast to those at the meeting at Madison-Square Garden last month, when Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sewall were officially informed that they were the choice of the Chicago convention. Instead of the spacious auditorium, with its boxes and galleries, to-night's function took place in the open air on the plaza and lawn in front of Nebraska's State Capitol building. With the exception of those seated in a few score chairs on the speakers' platform and directly in front of it, all the audience were standing. But the most marked difference between to-night's ceremonies and those in New York was the fact that Mr. Bryan did not read his speech in answer to the information formally given by the com-mittee of the Silver party. He made at speech neither long nor short, without the aid of notes, and was frequently

applauded.
Lincoin's appreciation of Mr. Bryan's second visit home since his nomination was shown by the indefatigable parading of free-silver clubs, the display of fireworks, and the frequent exercise of lung-power through tin horns, and the good, old-fashioned yell. A big crowd received the candidate on his arrival from Chicago this morning and he was the Chicago this morning, and he was es-certed to his home by brass bands and campaign organizations. There were more campaight or a marching clubs in a parade that accom-panied Mr. Bryan later in the day to the State House, where a good-sized au-dience assembled to hear him deliver a political address. To-night a third parade dience assembled to hear him deliver a political address. To-night a third paratic occurred, and flambleau clubs and organi-zations of mounted men bearing trans-parencies and torches, and firing sky-rockets, Roman candles, etc., gave vent to their political enthusiasm in a way that bordered on delirium.

AT THE CAPITOL. AT THE CAPITOL.

It was 9 o'clock before the first of the flaring flambeaux heading the candidate's escort were expled by those at the Capitol, as their bearers turned into Fifteenth street, the thoroughfare leading to the stand. Twenty minutes later Mr. Bryan appeared on the platform, and the crowd, that had increased with great rapidity after the procession was under way, cheered him repeatedly as his well-known figure was recognized. The space in front of the stand for several hundred feet back was black with people.

Norris Humphrey, of Lincoln, called the assemblage to order, and in a few

Norris Humphrey, of Lincoln, the assemblage to order, and in a few words presented George A. Grout, of Ohio, chairman of the committee appointed by the National Committee to notify Mr. Bryan. Mr. Grout made a speech of considerable length, concluding as fol-

'Hon, William Jennings Bryan,-The National Silver Convention, with an unan-imity unexampled in the history of national conventions in this country, nominated you as the candidate for the National Silver party for the distinguished parties, of which the Silver party is not the least.

The convention selected a committee to formally notify you of its action and that committee conferred upon me the distinguished honor of advising you of your nomination as the candidate of the National Silver party for office of President of the United States. We are met, therefore, at this time and place for the purpose of performing the pleasant duty committee and of the convention, hereby formally notify you that you have been nominated by the National Silver party as its candidate for President, and re-quest that you accept that nomination the same spirit in which it has been

"You are now the chosen commander of a grand army, composed of three grand divisions, which is now mobilizing for the purpose of fighting in behalf of humanity on November 2, 1886, the most important political battle of this or of any other age; a battle which is to determine whether this nation shall be a province of Great Britain and be governed and controlled as that nation is, by the notesy barons of Europe, or whether it shall be, ar the fathers intended it to be,

oncluded, and Mr. Bryan began. He

MR. BRYAN'S ACCEPTANCE. "Mr. Chairman, Chairman of the Noti-"Mr. Chairman. Chairman of the Noti-fication Committee and Members of That Committee.—I beg to reply at this time, without the formality of a letter. The platform adopted by the Silver conven-tion contains but one plank, and that plank a plank upon the money question, or upon the silver question, is identical in substance with the silver plank of the Chicago platform. As I have already discussed at length that plank, and it will not be necessary to enter into any extended discussion at this time. I beg to assure the committee that I accept the nomination so generously tendered by to assure the committee that a service the nomination so generously tendered by them on behalf of the Silver party in the spirit in which that nomination was tendered. I can appreciate the feeling which animated those who assembled in that convention. I can appreciate the hesitation in which those assembled

ing which animated those who assembled in that convention. I can appreciate the hesitation in which those assembled there turned their backs upon the party with which they had been associated. I know something of the strength of parties, and because I was in a position where I looked forward to a possibility of like action on my part. I can appreciate the depths of a conviction that led them to place the interests of their country above the welfare of their party. (Long cheering and shouts of 'Good.')

"More than a year ago, when we were engaged in the struggle to bring the Democratic party to an endorsement of free coinage, the question was put to me whether, in case of fallure, I would support the Democratic nominee if he were nominated on a gold-standard platform. I never believed that such action was probable in the Democratic party, but when those who questioned me were not content with probabilities, but asked again whether, in case of that event. I would support the nominee, I said, as you will remember, that under no circumstances would my vote be given to a man who would my vote be given to a man who would in the Executive office use his influence to fasten the gold standard upon the American people. (Great cheering.) My convictions upon this subject are not shallow convictions. I may be in error, my friends. None of us can claim infallibility. But we have the experience of history to guide us, and our judgment and our consciences, and I stand where the members of that Silyer convention stood. I would rather

RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1896. have the approval of my conscience than the applause of the earth. I may be in error, but I believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the human race. (Great cheering.) I would no his running-mate. have the approval of my conscience than the applause of the earth. I may be in error, but I believe that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the human race. (Great cheering.) I would no sooner join the ranks of those whose purpose it is to fasten that upon the American people than to enlist in an army that was marching to attack my home and kill my family. (Renewed cheers.) I can say, therefore, that I can appreciate the spirit which animated those who have just tendered me this second nomination, and I can, therefore, accept it in the spirit in which they present it. And I pledge them that, if elected, they shall never have cause for accusing me of being false to that trust. (More cheering.) FAMOUS GOLD-CANDIDATE REMARK. GOLD AND THE DEMOCRACY.

"My friends, when I declared that I "My friends, when I declared that I would not support a gold-standard candidate. I was standing upon the history of the Democratic party. I was defending its principles, as well as the interests of the country at large, and when those Republicans who assembled in the Silver I Louis refused to wor. Republicans who assembled in the Silver convention at St. Louls refused to worship the gold image which their party had set up, they were defending the histor? of the Republican party. (Great applause.) The Republican piatform of 1888 denounces the Democratic administration for having attempted to degrade silver. And in 1891, on the 12th day of February, in Memorial Hall, at Toledo O. at the in Memorial Hall, at Toledo, O., at the Lincoln-Day banquet, the present candi date for President upon the Republican ticket used the words which I shall now read to you. I have found these words published in a Toledo paper, and they have been published so long without corhave been published so long without cor-rection that we may safely assume that he was correctly reported. If he shall deny the correctness of this report, I shall hasten to do him justice by re-tracting the words. These are the words which he is said to have used: "'During all of Grover Cleveland's years at the head of the government he was

at the head of the government he was dishanoring one of our precious metals, one of our own great products; discredit-ing silver, and enhancing the price of gold. He endeavored even before his inauguration to office to stop the coinage of sliver dollars, and afterwards, and to the end of his administration, persistent-ly used his power to that end. He was determined to contract the circulat-ing medium and demonetize one of the coins of commerce, limit the volume of money among the people, make money scarce, and therefore dear. He would have increased the value of money and have increased the value of money and diminished the value of everything else-money, the master, everything else, the servant.' (Great cheering.) "Following these same lines, the Re-publican convention in 1822 declared at Minneapolis that the American people, form tradition and interest were in favor

from tradition and interest, were in favor

from tradition and interest, were in favor of bimetallism. (Voice, "That's so.')
"That is the language in 1892—that the American people from tradition and interest are for bimetallism. Have traditions changed in four years? (Voice, 'No.')
Have interests changed in four years? (A voice, 'No.')

REPUBLICAN PARTY FAILURE. "No, my friends, and yet, forgetting the platform of 1880, forgetting the de-nunciation uttered by their distinguished leader in 1891, forgetting the platform of tariff of passeng as has been done on assembled, deciared that the American people must forego the advantages of the bimetallic system, to which tradition and interest entitled them, until foreign mations should bring these advantages to them. (Applause.)

tariff of passeng as has been done on same proportion as has been done on the same proportion as has been done on the same proportion as has been done on the same propor

to them. (Applause.)
"It is not strange that men who had
looked for bimetallism in the Republican
party should have given up hope and
turned elsewhere for relief. These Repub-Republican party. They have done what every American exizen has the right to every American edizen has the right to do. They have done better than our Democratic advocates of the gold stand-ard have done, because these Republi-cans, when they left the party joined with those who had a chance to succeed, while our Democratic advocates of the gold standard sought to secure the elec-tion of a Republican candidate by nomi-

the action of the Rejusticans is defended by experience and example.

"Let me carry you back to the period just preceding the war. If you will turn to a book recently published entitled 'John Sherman's Recollections' (laughter). you will find on page 112 of the first volume a portion of a speech which he delivered in Congress in 1856. Let me read this extract: 'I am willing to stand by the compromises of 1820 and 1870, but when our Whig brethren of the South allow this administration to lead them off from their principles, when they abandon the position which Henry Clay would have taken, forget his name and achievements and decline any longer to carry his beaner, they lose all their claims on me. And I say now that until this wrong is righted, until Kansas is admitted as a free State, I cannot act in party association with them."

from Ohlo asserting to the people of this country on the floor of Congress that he was willing to accept compromise after compromise, but that the time had at last come when he could so with them no longer; that until certain things were accomplished, he could not not with secomplished he could not act with

"The situation to-day is but a repetition of history. Compromise after compromise has been submitted to by the
silver Republicans. In the hope that the
party of their choice and love would at
last bring to the people the relief which
they desired. But the Republican party,
like that party in 1858, has been led off
by another administration, until it has
deserted its traditions and its platform,
and these Republicans have a right to

by another administration, until it has deserted its traditions and its platform, and these Republicans have a right to say to their Republican associates: We will go with you no longer until this nation is redeemed.' (Applause.)
"We do not ask those who present this nomination to pledge their future services to the Democratic party. The same spirit which directs them to-day in the discharge of their duty will be with them four years from now, to direct them in the discharge of the duties that will then arise. The same patriotism that leads them to-day in what they do, will be with them four years from now to guide and direct them. We trust them now; we shall trust them then. The Democratic party has proven itself worthy of their confidence to-day, and it receives their support. If, four years from now, it proves unworthy of their confidence, it should not then have their support. (Applause and cries of That's right, that's the way to talk.')

THE MONEY TRUST.

THE MONEY TRUST. "The chairman of the Notification Committee has told you that we have to meet to-day a great money trust. He is right. We are confronted to-day by the most gigantic trust that has ever been formed among men. Talk about trusts in the various articles which we produce! My

among men. Talk about trusts in the various articles which we produce! My friends, all these trusis together fall into insignificance when compared with the money trust, which has its hands upon our country. (Voice. That's so.')

"Place the control of the standard money of the world in the hands of a few great financiers, and times will be good for them, no matter what may overtake the rest of mankind. I believe that John G. Carlisle did not exaggerate the truth when he said: 'The consummation of this scheme means more of misery to the human race than all the wars, pestilences, and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world.'

"Who does not stand appalled before misery like that? Among you who is willing to be a party to a conspiracy that has for its object the consummation of that scheme? (A voice, 'Nobody.')

"It is against the consummation of this scheme, elequently and forcibly described by Mr. Carlisle, that the silver Republicans have arisen in protest. I respect the convictions which have led them. I thank you for the support which they have tendered, and all that I can promise is that I shall, to the best of my ability, endeavor to prove worthy of their confidence." (Applause.)

endeavor to prove worthy of their con-fidence." (Applause.)

After Mr. Bryan had concluded, Mr.

SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND. That Seems to Be the Democratic

Majority in Arkansas. LITTLE ROCK, ARK., September 8.-Chairman Armstrong, of the Democratic State Central Committee, gave the Southern Associated Press correspondent the

following signed statement at noon:

"The indications are that 165,000 votes were cast at yesterday's election in Arkansas. The combined opposition received about 50,000, leaving a majority of about 65,000 for the Democratic State ticket. This more than doubles the majority received by the Democracy two years ago, and that received four years ago. The issue in this State was fought out on the monetary question, the Democracy advocating free coinage, and the Republicans the single-gold standard. The opposition on the part of the Republicans was more active than ever before. No disturbances of any kind occurred anywhere in the State, as far as reported. CARROLL ARMSTRONG. "Chairman Democratic State Central Committee."

WAS WATSON MISREPRESENTED? Chairman Butler Doesn't Think He Could Have Threatened Bryan.

WASHINGTON, September 8 -- Senator Butler, chairman of the Populist National Committee, believes that Candidate Tom Watson is a victim of misrepresentation by the press in the report of his speech yesterday. "I am not ready to believe," said the Senator this morning, "that Mr. Watson was correctly quoted in saying that Bryan would be defeated if Sewall was not taken down from the ticket. Certainly he meant to make no threat, as this newspaper report would seen to im-

not quote him in the way Senator Butler expresses it, but it is put broadly in that way in some newspapers.—Ed.)

Must Also Reduce Local Rates.

Must Also Reduce Local Rates.

General James C. Hill, Railroad Commissioner for Virginia, has issued notice to railways participating in what is known as the "rate war," announcing that commencing on Saturday next the companies implicated in this controversy must reduce their local freight and passenger tariff in the same proportion as they have done on through business. Similar action has also been taken by the Railroad Commissioner of North Carolina. General Hill's letter explains itself. It is as follows:

"The action of certain railroads in the State inevitably" causes discrimination.

"The action of certain railroads in the State inevitably" causes discrimination and violation of the long- and short-haud clauses of the act creating the Interstate Railway Commission.

"Now, therefore, the railroads implicated will immediately reduce their local tariff of passenger and freight in the same proportion as has been done on through business.

takes place on Saturday,

Mr. Johnston Made Assistant Prin-

cipal.

At a called meeting of the City School Board, held yesterday morning, Mr. J. Newton Johnston, a graduate of Randolph-Macon College and also a graduate of the engineering course of the University of Virginia, was selected for the position of assistant principal of the Bichmond High School, to fill the vacancy made by the promotion of Mr. Samuel F. Turner to the principalship of Randolph School recently erected in the West End. Mr. Johnston has held positions as instructor for several years, and comes very highly recommended.

First street Monday designating the grade for the tracks, and if not enjoined the Traction Company will soon begin the work of constructing this branch line.

The Jewish New Year was observed yesterday with religious exercises, and the day was celebrated as a holiday bail the Hebrews in the city. Their business was suspended for the day, and more of any kind was done by those of their faith. The services held at this sea son are very impressive, and the musing rendered yesterday at the Synagogue was

Miss Mozelle Williams has returned home, after a very pleasant visit to the Misses McAlexander, of Gordonsville. SEPTEMBER AT THE SEASHORE

sion Still Very Attractive.

sion Still Very Attractive.

Next Sunday (September 13th) morning, at \$30 o'clock, the usual popular Chesapeake and Ohio Sunday Seaside Excursion-train will leave Broad-Street Statton for Old Point, Buckroe Beach, Newport News, Norfolk, &c. The round-trip is only \$1. A stone-ballast track and two-hour schedule give our patrons a "quick, clean ride to the sea." The train is unsurpassed for comfort. Surf bathing, occan breezes, and superh hotel accommodations. Returning, leaves Old Point at 7 P. M., Norfolk 3:30 P. M.; also, 7 A. M. the following Monday. Old Point tickets good only on date of sale. Secially-arranged prices for dinner at Old Point. HORACE F. SMITH.

Must Reduce in Proportion.

Railroads implicated in what is known as the rate-war had this notice served on them yesterday morning:
"The action of certain railroads in the

and violation of the long-and-short-hauf clauses of the act creating the Interstate Railway Commission.

"Now, therefore, the railroads impli-cated will immediately reduce their local tariff of passenger and freight in the same proportion as has been done on through business.

"This change takes place on Saturday, the 12th instant.

"All persons aggrieved by this decision will be heard at my office on Friday, the lith, at 19 o'clock A. M.
"J. C. HILL,

"Railroad Commissioner, "September 8, 1896."

George Deveoney, who resides at No. 621 south Belvidere street, says: "I have been constipated for the past three years. been constipated for the past three years and have tried a number of so-called remedies, but they had no effect on me, until I tried two bottle of To-Ka, the Great Mexican Medicine, and now I am a cured man." Office, No. 305 east Broad street. Large \$1 bottles for \$5c. Samples

School Books School Supplies. Second-Hand Books, cheap. HUNTER & CO.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind-colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea; 25 cents a bot-

JUSTIFY THE KILLING

RESULT OF CORONER'S INQUEST IN MR. THALHIMER'S CASE.

MISS WIMMER'S PATHETIC STORY.

She Tells of Her Betrayal-Testimony as to the Cutting-Nature of the Wounds-Arrangements for the

The Coroner's inquest held over the body of Samuel Gustavus Thalhimer, the young man who was slain by James Edward Wimmer on Broad street near Fifth Monday evening, resulted in a verdict of justifiable hemicide. Six sturdy citizens, after having heard and carefully weighed the testimony adduced before them, said that the enormity of the wrong alleged to have been done to the father of pretty Ida May Wimmer was sufficient to have warranted the parent in pursuing the course he did.

The story is a most pathetic one. The honor of a much-beloved invalid daughter is alleged to have been destroyed, the young man accused of having brought about this wrong lies cold in death, and the parent-slayer is a prisoner in the city jail charged with the highest crime the



JAMES EDWARD WIMMER. (Young Thathimer's Slayer.)

Commonwealth recognizes. Grief and mortification invade two homes in this city and friends of the families involved in the tragedy share in the sorrow which has been wreaked by the affair. MANY VISITED THE JAIL.

Many were the sympathizers who called at the residence of Mr. Charles Thalhimer, father of the dead youth, for Samuel Thalhimer was not much more than a youth, while numerous ones visited the city jail and offered words of encouragement to the prisoner, who had less than twenty-four hours before been enjoying the peace of honest and honorable citizenship. A number of persons, it is true, went to the prison purely out of curiosity, in the hope of getting a giimpse of young Thalhimer's slayer. When a Dispatch reporter called at the jail to have an interview with Wimmer in the afternoon there were about a dozen persons assembled upon the balcony and in the yard of the prison, and this was a source of embarrassment and mortification to the accused. Wimmer, when asked if he would not sit for a photograph, replied: "Yes; I will do so, if that crowd is dispersed. I have no School recently erected in the West End.
Mr. Johnston has held positions as instructor for several years, and comes very highly recommended.

Will Ask for an Injunction.

It was stated upon good authority last night that First-street property-owners had organized and prepared to make a fight to keep the Traction Company's proposed Hollywood extension off that thoroughfare. Ex-Judge L. L. Lewis and Messirs. W. F. Reddy and Allen Potts have been employed to represent the holders of property. It is understood that they will apply for an injunction to-day.

Assistant City-Engineer Bolton was on Assistant City-Engineer Bolton was on Assistant City-Engineer Bolton was on Prode for the tracks, and if not enjoined with the statement of the street. He called me to him and said: To guess you are looking for me. I asked him if he was the man who cut Thalhimer. He said he was. He had the knife shut in his hand. He said that that was the knife, and that the was the knife, and that the half-one to made upon the bridge which connects the woman's department and the officers' quarters of the jail. The picture, was taken while Wimmer was laboring under a great mental strain, and was momentarily expecting the arrival of his wife and daughter, Ida, but is a splendid likeness of the prisoner.

This concluded the testimony, and the Coroner's jury began the consideration of the verdict. After a brief deliberation of the verdict was rendered: The accused was not inclined to talk much yesterday. He held several consultations with his counsel, and late in the evening was visited by his wife and daughter. This was a very affectionate meeting, such a one as is characterized by grief and gladness.

According to the announcement made in yesterday morning's Dispatch, the

in yesterday morning's Dispatch, the post-mortem examination was held at 10 o'clock yesterday morning and the inquest was held in the afternoon at 5. A large crowd of people endeavored to gain admittance to the Coroner's office while the inquest was being conducted, but this privilege was denied them, owing to the delicate nature of the evidence, which it was expecied would be adduced. The prisoner was not present while the formality was going on, but he was represented by Mr. Minetree Folkes. was represented by Mr. Minetree Folkes,

of his counsel.

The funeral of young Thalhimer will take place from his father's residence, No. 404 east Clay street, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon, and will be one of the saddest that has been conducted in this city in a long time. The unfortunate young man, who was very highly esteemed, and whose purents are honored by all who know them, had hosts of friends here, who, with his loved ones, mourn his untimely end, and the obsequies will be largely attended. attended.

It was said last night that Wimmer's counsel would at once attempt to secure bail for the prisoner. When the case was called in the Police Court yesterday morning the Justice at once continued it until to-day, in order to get the result of the Coroner's inquest. An impact of country and assembled to the country had assembled to the country and the coun accused, or hear some of the interesting testimony which, it was supposed would be brought out. Those individuals were disappointed, however, so far as the evi-dence, was concerned, as no witnesses dence was concerned, as no witnesses were put upon the stand.

RESULT OF THE POST-MORTEM. Coroner Taylor held a post-mortem ex-Coroner Taylor held a post-mortem ex-amination at the residence of the father of the deceased, No. 40i east Clay street, at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and the result of the examination made by that gentleman revealed that the young man had been terribly slashed to pieces. As published in yesterday's Dispatch, the deceased had received fourteen stabs, all ranging in the breast and abdomen. There were seven gasies in the breast proper, two of which entered the right proper, two of which entored the right lung, and either one of them was fatal. There was one cut on the right side, half way between the rihs and the hip bone. Another gash was in the left groin, which penetrated the abdomen and caused the bowels to protrude. Five wounds had also been infleted upon the left side, extending from the arm-pit to some distance below the ribs. One of these entered the left lung. Four of these cuts were parallel on one side, while three others were parallel on the other, showing that the slayer was going about showing that the slayer was going about his work in a most determined manner. Dr. Taylor's investigation showed that young Thaihimer died of hemorrhage. The deadly knife did not strike the heart. The length of the gashes ranged from 5-8 of an inch to 21-4 inches.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST. THE CORONER'S INQUEST.
At 4 o'clock in the afternoon Coroner
Taylor held his inquest, swearing in his
jury at the residence of the father of the
deceased. The jury was composed of
Messrs. J. E. Taylor (foreman), R. W.
Haw, Sr., Louis B. Shutte, George W.
Pettis, C. R. Meads, and R. A. Woodward. After reviewing the body the Coroner and his solemn contingent of jurors
and witnesses proceeded to the City Hall,

where the examination of witnesses was MISS WIMMER'S TESTIMONY

MISS WIMMER'S TESTIMONY.

The first person to testify was Ida May Wimmer, the 20-year-old daughter of the accused, who is alleged to have been dishonored by Mr. Thaihimer. She told her age and where she lived, and in a most pathetic manner, her words being mingled with sobs and tears, said that Samuel Thaihimer brought about her ruin last April. She said that the young man had gone to her home in the morning last April. She said that the young man-had gone to her home in the morning while no one was at home but herzelf. He found her in the kitchen and closed the door, continued the young lady, forcing her to allow him to have his way. "I am an invalid," Miss Wimmer went on to say, "I was paralyzed when I was born in my right side. I had never known anything of any other man. Samuel The blung came to my house to see me Thalhimer came to my house to see me about once a week. When this affair occurred he put his hand over my month and threatened to choke me if I hollered. He threatened to kill me if I told what had transpired. I told my mother of this yesterday (Monday) afternoon. I heard my mother tell my father of it. He went out of the door, but I do not know what he did. I go about very well, but am not strong. I have not sufficient strength in my right hand to comb my hair."

THEY SAW THE CUTTING. THEY SAW THE CUTTING.

The second witness was Charles A. Brooks, a young man who lives at No. 518 north Seventh street, who testified as to the killing as follows: "Yesterday (Monday) afternoon about five or ten minutes past 6 o'clock. I saw a man striking Mr. Thalhimer near the corner of Fifth and Broad, on the north side of Broad street. Mr. Thalhimer broke away from the man, and ran to the corner of Fifth and Broad streets, and turned down the east side of Fifth street, and stopped at the rearend of Shield's drugstore (corner Fifth and Marshall streets); then came back staggering, and fell at the side door near

end of Shield's drugstore (corner Fifth and Marshall streets); then came back staggering, and fell at the side door near the corner of Marshall. The man did not pursue him from Broad street. I followed Thalhimer, and afterwards notified a policeman. I have since learned that the man was Mr. Wimmer, and saw him at the Police Court this (Tuesday) morning, and identified him.

Edinboro Archer, Jr., stated that he was standing near the corner of Fifth and Broad streets, in the door of Glipin's shoe store, and saw two men tusseling, and that the older man was chasing the younger one, and had a knife in his hand, striking him with it. Said he: "I did not follow the men, but I heard the man who was struck cry out, 'Murder; stop! What's the matter? I first thought he was striking him in the short ribs. I did not know either of the parties." The witness averred that he recognized Mr. Wimmer in the Police Court yesterday morning.

recognized Mr. Wimmer in the Police Court vesterday morning.

James Alexander Lewis (colored), who was also a witness to the awful tragedy, stated that he was standing with Edinboro Archer and saw the two men tusselling. He said: "The older one had the younger one by the wrist, and was using a knife. Mr. Thathimer said: "Murder! Help! Stop: What's the matter?" The older man was Mr. Wimmer. Mr. Thalhimer broke away and Mr. Wimmer walked up Broad street, near Fifth street. He then shut his knife up and walked down Broad with a little boy.

THE OFFICER'S STATEMENT. Officer George T. Mattern, the police Officer George T. Mattern, the policeman to whom Wimmer surrendered himself, testified that Mr. C. A. Brooks notified him that a man had been cut to pieces at the corner of Fifth and Marshall streets. "I went there," continued Officer Mattern, "and found it was Mr. Thaihimer who had been cut. He was living then, but died about 25 minutes past 6 o'clock. A colored boy told me to go with him and that he would show me the man who had committed the deed. I went with him, and got near Pink alley, near Sixth street, and saw Mr. Wimmer standing on the opposite side of mer standing on the opposite side of the street. He called me to him and said: 'I guess you are looking for me.' I asked him if he was the man who cut Thalbimer. He said he was. He had

dict was rendered: "The jurors sworn to inquire when how and by what means the said Samuel Gus-tavus Thalhimer came to his death, upon tavus Tanihimer came to his death, upon their oath, do say that he came to his death on September 7, 1896, from the effects of wounds inflicted on the 7th day of September, 1896, by a knife in the hands of James Edward Wimmer, who

believed that the said Samuel Gustavus Thalhimer had ruined his daughter, Ids; and they are of the opinion that the in-jury done to the father by the said Samuel as to justify him in committing the homi-cide." FUNERAL OF YOUNG THALHIMER The killing of young Thalhimer was a terrific blow to his parents, who are still stunned by the fearful shock they sustained. So much grief-stricken is Mr. Thalhimer, the father, that he has not yet consented to make any statement with reference to the tragedy for the

The funeral of the young man will take place from the residence, No. 404 east Clay street, this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, and the services will be conduct-ed by Rev. E. N. Callsch, of Beth Ahaba congregation. The interment will be at congregation. The interment will be at the Jewish Cemetery, and the following gentlemen will act as pall-bearers and bear the remains to their last restingplace: Joseph Kass, Melvin Flegenhe mer, Samuel Sycle, Michael Abram, Elli Hutzler, Berthold Goodman, Charle Greenbaum, and Herbert Dallman.

Pickett Camp Excursion to Washington. September 16th. Train leaving Richmond Wednesday, eptember 16th, at 7:30 A. M.; returning,

September 18th, at 7.30 A. M.; returning leaving Washington Thursday, September 17th, at 7 P. M. sharp, from Ninth-street and Maryland avenue.

Fare for the round-trip, \$2.50.
This train is run under the management of Messrs. Thompson, Michie & Adams. For information inquire at No. 22, 2018. Erosed street.

22 east Broad street.

The Weather. WASHINGTON, September 8 .- Fore. FAIR cast for Virginia: Fair weather: warmer; northerly winds, becoming southeasterly.

North Carolina and South Carolina;

Fair weather: northeasterly winds.
Fair weather will continue in the Atlantic States, threatening weather and light showers in the Ohlo, Middle, and Upper Missouri valleys. The temperature will rise in the Atlantic States and Lower Lake region, and will fall in the Missouri and Upper Mississippi vaileys,

DAILY DISPATCH COUPON Our Lost Cause.

Cut out three of these coupons of different dates and bring with 10c. or send with 10c, and 2c. stamp for mailing.

SEPTEMBER 9, 1896.